

AD-A178 841

STOCHASTIC PROCESSES IN CHEMISTS(U) UTAH UNIV SALT LAKE
CITY DEPT OF BIOENGINEERING J JANATA ET AL. 16 JAN 87
N00014-81-K-0664

1/1

UNCLASSIFIED

F/G 7/4

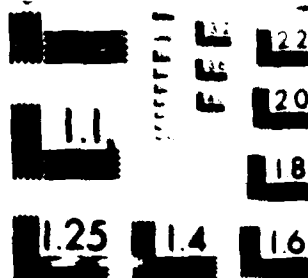
NL

END

DATE

EXPIRED

1-87



RESOLUTION TEST CHART
NATIONAL BUREAU OF STANDARDS-1963-A

DTIC FILE COPY

12

SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE

PAGE

1a REPORT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION

AD-A178 841

MARKINGS

2a SECURITY CLASSIFICATION AUTHORITY

17 AVAILABILITY OF REPORT

2b DECLASSIFICATION/DOWNGRADING SCHEDULE

4 PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER(S)

5 MONITORING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER(S)

6a NAME OF PERFORMING ORGANIZATION
Department of Bioengineering
University of Utah6b OFFICE SYMBOL
(If applicable)7a NAME OF MONITORING ORGANIZATION
Max Irving, Admin. Contract Officer
ONE Resident Representative6c ADDRESS (City, State, and ZIP Code)
Salt Lake City, Utah 841127b ADDRESS (City, State, and ZIP Code)
University of New Mexico
Albuquerque, NM 871318a NAME OF FUNDING/SPONSORING
ORGANIZATION
ONR8b OFFICE SYMBOL
(If applicable)9 PROCUREMENT INSTRUMENT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER
N00014-81-K-06648c ADDRESS (City, State, and ZIP Code)
Office of Naval Research
Arlington, VA 22217-5000

10 SOURCE OF FUNDING NUMBERS

PROGRAM
ELEMENT NOPROJECT
NOTASK
NOWORK UNIT
ACCESSION NO

11 TITLE (Include Security Classification)

Stochastic Processes in CHEMFETs

12 PERSONAL AUTHOR(S)

J. Janata and J.J. Brophy

13a TYPE OF REPORT
Final Report13b TIME COVERED
FROM 9-1-83 TO 10-31-8614 DATE OF REPORT (Year, Month, Day)
1-16-87

15 PAGE COUNT

16 SUPPLEMENTARY NOTATION

17 COSATI CODES

FIELD

GROUP

SUB GROUP

18 SUBJECT TERMS (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number)

19 ABSTRACT (Continue on reverse if necessary and identify by block number)

DTIC
ELECTE
APR 06 1987
S D

DISTRIBUTION STATEMENT A

Approved for public release
Distribution Unlimited

20 DISTRIBUTION AVAILABILITY OF ABSTRACT

☐ UNCLASSIFIED UNLIMITED ☐ SAME AS RPT ☐ DTIC USERS

21 ABSTRACT SECURITY CLASSIFICATION

22a NAME OF RESPONSIBLE INDIVIDUAL

22b TELEPHONE (Include Area Code)

22c OFFICE SYMBOL

STOCHASTIC PROCESSES IN CHEMFETS

(Final Report, January 1987)

Contract Number NOOO14-81-0664

Jiri Janata, Principal Investigator

James J. Brophy, Co-Principal Investigator

Department of Bioengineering, University of Utah

Salt Lake City, Utah 84112

Telephone: (801) 581 3837

Current funding: September 1, 1985 - August 31, 1986 (extension October 31)

The methodology for evaluation of the electrochemical parameters of both equilibrium and non-equilibrium processes using fluctuation analysis has been fully developed. Paper describing the basic aspects of this technique in a tutorial form has been submitted to Analytical Chemistry as an A-page article in hope that the new technique will find broader application within the electrochemical community. As a corollary to this work we have studied the diffusional impedance of disk and ring microelectrodes and developed theory for the Warburg impedance of these electrodes.

Work on chemically modified suspended gate field effect transistor has continued very successfully. We have been able to incorporate nitroarene moieties into polypyrrole and thus create an organic semiconductor with selectivity to arenes. A close collaboration on this project with the Institut für Physik, Universität der Bundeswehr München continues.

Design of improved top passivation layers for chemical sensors began in January, when Dr. C. DeSequeira joined our group. He started on deposition and characterisation of thin silicon carbide films.

Fabrication and preliminary testing of the first hole-in-the-rock FETs has been completed. The initial results indicate that this may be a valid technique for study of channel insulators in FET structures.

SIGNIFICANT RESULTS

The most significant result of the stochastic analysis part is the development of complete methodology for determination of basic electrochemical parameters (heterogeneous rate constant, double layer capacitance and diffusion coefficient) from truly equilibrium measurements. The method is applicable to a wide range of electrochemical reactions.

The ability to monitor directly the corrosion of insulators using field effect transistors has been demonstrated. This technique will serve as the basis of the methodology for development of new, more

resistant encapsulation materials, particularly for integrated solid state sensors.

The observation and subsequent theoretical justification of the fact that microelectrodes create a radial diffusional field even at equilibrium has been surprising. It may have significant implications for quantification of the signal transmission in biological systems, such as synaptic junctions.

The co-polymerization of pyrrole with nitrotoluenes has resulted in a new conducting polymer which exhibits a selective ($H-\pi$ and $\pi-\pi$) interaction with gaseous arenes. Such interaction is absent in pure polypyrrole. We believe that this is the first case of rationally designed chemically selective layer in which the analyte/substrate interaction could be a priori predicted. The new material has unusually high electron work function as compared to ordinary polypyrrole. It is easily deposited onto the suspended metal gate of our new field effect transistor which again confirms our contention that this is a new generic type of gas sensor.

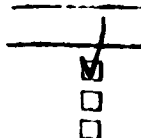
A similar structure with the gate insulator partially removed (hole-in-the-rock) has been made and tested for basic transistor behavior. It has been found that below certain minimum insulator thickness ($\sim 50\text{\AA}$) the density of interface states becomes so high that the Fermi level is pinned and the surface charge density cannot be modulated by externally applied field. However, possible chemical modifications of the insulator within this structure could be used as the tool of study of improvement of the performance of thin-gate-insulator transistors.

PERSONNEL

- | | | |
|----|------------------|----------------------------------|
| 1. | Andras Bezegh | noise analysis |
| 2. | Mira Josowicz | gas sensors |
| 3. | Max Levy | device and materials preparation |
| 4. | Cesar DeSequeira | materials preparation |

REPORTS AND PUBLICATIONS

1. A.Bezegh and J.Janata, Equilibrium Fluctuation Analysis of Potassium Ferro/Ferri Cyanide Redox System on Platinum Disk Microelectrodes Using Field-Effect Transistors, J.Electrochem.Soc. 133(1986) 2087
2. M.Josowicz and J.Janata, Suspended Gate Field Effect Transistor Modified with Polypyrrole as Alcohol Sensors, Anal. Chem. 58 (1986) 514
3. J.Cassidy, S.Pons and J.Janata, Hydrogen Response of Palladium Coated Suspended Gate Field Effect Transistor Anal.Chem. 58 (1986) 1757



lta. on file

y Codes

Dist	Avail and/or Special
A-1	

4. A.Bezegh and J.Janata, Diffusional Impedance of Stationary Microelectrodes, J.Electroanal.Chem. (in print)
5. A.Bezegh and J.Janata, Information From Noise, Anal.Chem. A-Page article, in print.
M.Josowicz, J.Janata, K.Ashley and S.Pons, An Electrochemical and uv-visible Spectroelectrochemical Study of Potentiometric Gas Sensors Based on Polypyrrole , Anal.Chem. in print
7. M.Levy, R.J.Huber A.Bezegh and J.Janata, Hole-In-The-Rock Field Effect Transistor, Presented at the 169 Meeting of the Electrochemical Society, Boston, May 4-9, 1986
8. M.Josowicz, H.D.Liess and J.Janata, Chemical Selectivity of Polypyrrole-Based Sensors, Presented at the 169 Meeting of the Electrochemical Society, Boston, May 4-9, 1986
9. J.Cassidy, S.Pons and J.Janata, Suspended Gate Field Effect Transistor as Hydrogen Sensor, Presented at the 169 Meeting of the Electrochemical Society, Boston, May 4-9, 1986

**DAT
FILM**